Australian Standard®

Analysis of acid sulfate soil—Dried samples— Methods of test

Method 9: Calculation of titratable sulfidic acidity (TSA)

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PREFACE

This Standard was prepared by the Australian members of the Joint Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand for Committee EV-009, Sampling and Analysis of Soil and Biota, Working Group EV-009-02-01, Analysis of Acid Sulfate Soil.

The objective of this Standard is to provide a method to calculate titratable sulfidic acidity (TSA) in acid sulfate soil using the results obtained from the determination of TAA and TPA.

METHOD

1 SCOPE

This Standard specifies a method for the calculation of titratable sulfidic acidity (TSA) in acid sulfate soil (ASS) using the results obtained from the determination of TAA (AS 4969.2) and TPA (AS 4969.3).

2 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS

The following documents are referred to in this Standard:

AS		
4969	Analysis of acid sulfate soil—Dried samples—Methods of test	
4969.0	Part 0:	Introduction and definitions, symbols and acronyms
4969.2	Method 2:	Determination of pH_{KCl} and titratable actual acidity (<i>TAA</i>)
4969.3	Method 3:	Determination of peroxide pH (pH_{OX}) , titratable peroxide acidity
		(TPA) and excess acid neutralizing capacity $(ANC_{\rm E})$

3 DEFINITIONS

For the purpose of this Standard the terms and definitions used in AS 4969.0 apply.



4 PRINCIPLE

Titratable sulfidic acidity is calculated as the difference between the titratable acidity measured in a 1 M KCl 1:40 soil solution suspension following oxidation with 30% hydrogen peroxide (TPA) (AS 4969.3) and the titratable acidity measured in a 1 M KCl 1:40 soil solution (TAA) (AS 4969.2).

5 CALCULATION

Calculate the titratable sulfidic acidity (*TSA*) in units of mol H^+ /tonne on an oven-dry weight basis according to the equation below:

TSA = TPA - TAA

NOTE: Where TPA is zero and TAA is positive, TSA should be reported as zero.

6 TEST REPORT

The test report shall contain at least the following information:

- (a) Sample identification as submitted to the laboratory.
- (b) Where TSA > 0, the result of the *TSA* calculation is reported to the nearest 1 mol H⁺/tonne on an oven-dry weight basis.
- (c) Where TPA = 0 and TAA > 0, TSA is reported as zero.
- (d) Reference to this Standard, i.e. AS 4969.9.
- (e) Where *TPA* is less than *TAA*, *TSA* shall be reported as zero, e.g. TPA = 0 and TAA > 0, *TSA* is reported as zero.

The test report may also include an estimation of measurement of uncertainty.